### Appendix B

**Comparative Tables by Central City: Population Subgroup Exposure to Economic Expansion and Decline in 2000 and 2016**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total Population</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Low-Income Population</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Population in Poverty</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Population in Extreme Poverty</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>American Indian Population</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Asian Population</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Black Population</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Hispanic Population</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>White Population</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Population with a Bachelor’s Degree</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Population without a Bachelor’s Degree</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Families with Children</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Families in Poverty with Children</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Non-Poverty Families with Children</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Single Mothers</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Children Under 18</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Young Adults (18-34)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Adults (35-64)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Seniors Over 65</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>U.S.-Born Residents</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Foreign-Born Residents</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Owner Units</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Rented Units</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Vacant Units</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 1: Share of Total Population Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Economically Expanding 2016</th>
<th>Economically Expanding 2000</th>
<th>Economically Declining 2016</th>
<th>Economically Declining 2000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>77.1%</td>
<td>75.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>25.2%</td>
<td>28.8%</td>
<td>21.1%</td>
<td>19.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>15.7%</td>
<td>15.7%</td>
<td>22.9%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
<td>19.3%</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
<td>55.4%</td>
<td>56.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>17.1%</td>
<td>18.7%</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
<td>11.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
<td>17.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>44.9%</td>
<td>43.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
<td>39.6%</td>
<td>30.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>44.3%</td>
<td>41.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
<td>67.9%</td>
<td>68.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>74.5%</td>
<td>74.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>54.7%</td>
<td>48.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>41.3%</td>
<td>38.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>18.1%</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>20.8%</td>
<td>19.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>84.6%</td>
<td>86.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
<td>34.7%</td>
<td>26.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>12.6%</td>
<td>23.4%</td>
<td>22.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
<td>36.6%</td>
<td>25.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>21.4%</td>
<td>21.1%</td>
<td>37.7%</td>
<td>35.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>31.9%</td>
<td>29.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>64.3%</td>
<td>57.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.

### Table 2: Share of Low-Income Population Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Economically Expanding 2016</th>
<th>Economically Expanding 2000</th>
<th>Economically Declining 2016</th>
<th>Economically Declining 2000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>78.9%</td>
<td>81.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td>13.4%</td>
<td>10.1%</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>24.1%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>35.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>23.5%</td>
<td>14.8%</td>
<td>26.5%</td>
<td>29.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>19.6%</td>
<td>15.5%</td>
<td>23.8%</td>
<td>29.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td>52.6%</td>
<td>61.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
<td>15.5%</td>
<td>15.2%</td>
<td>16.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>26.8%</td>
<td>27.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>6.6%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>47.8%</td>
<td>53.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>56.4%</td>
<td>48.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>44.9%</td>
<td>53.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>69.0%</td>
<td>77.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>70.2%</td>
<td>77.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>58.9%</td>
<td>60.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>44.9%</td>
<td>49.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
<td>15.2%</td>
<td>23.0%</td>
<td>29.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>81.6%</td>
<td>87.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>9.2%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>52.0%</td>
<td>42.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>14.6%</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
<td>27.7%</td>
<td>30.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>42.5%</td>
<td>38.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>24.4%</td>
<td>18.8%</td>
<td>34.0%</td>
<td>40.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
<td>37.0%</td>
<td>40.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>0.9%</td>
<td>77.0%</td>
<td>72.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.
Table 3: Share of Population in Extreme Poverty Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>78.8%</td>
<td>80.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
<td>30.4%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>26.0%</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
<td>28.1%</td>
<td>32.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>20.3%</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>22.5%</td>
<td>28.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
<td>51.6%</td>
<td>61.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>18.1%</td>
<td>15.5%</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>30.4%</td>
<td>32.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>48.5%</td>
<td>54.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td>55.7%</td>
<td>52.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
<td>7.9%</td>
<td>43.3%</td>
<td>51.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>68.4%</td>
<td>77.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
<td>66.1%</td>
<td>76.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>56.7%</td>
<td>62.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>10.8%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>44.2%</td>
<td>50.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>17.7%</td>
<td>22.1%</td>
<td>29.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>80.1%</td>
<td>87.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>10.2%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>55.9%</td>
<td>44.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
<td>30.9%</td>
<td>29.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>40.4%</td>
<td>41.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>26.8%</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>32.9%</td>
<td>39.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>14.1%</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>36.1%</td>
<td>42.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>76.6%</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.

Table 4: Share of Population in Extreme Poverty Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>80.0%</td>
<td>79.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>9.3%</td>
<td>12.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
<td>22.9%</td>
<td>24.7%</td>
<td>36.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>26.7%</td>
<td>18.7%</td>
<td>28.7%</td>
<td>30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
<td>17.3%</td>
<td>21.9%</td>
<td>25.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
<td>51.7%</td>
<td>64.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>17.3%</td>
<td>14.6%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>17.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>33.5%</td>
<td>36.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>7.9%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>47.9%</td>
<td>53.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>55.5%</td>
<td>48.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>13.2%</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>42.8%</td>
<td>49.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>66.2%</td>
<td>77.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>4.4%</td>
<td>63.0%</td>
<td>73.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>54.7%</td>
<td>62.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>43.6%</td>
<td>46.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>26.1%</td>
<td>18.0%</td>
<td>20.8%</td>
<td>30.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>80.2%</td>
<td>87.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>10.8%</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
<td>57.7%</td>
<td>46.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>16.8%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>28.2%</td>
<td>30.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>39.3%</td>
<td>38.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>27.7%</td>
<td>21.3%</td>
<td>32.9%</td>
<td>37.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>34.2%</td>
<td>40.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>75.1%</td>
<td>74.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.
### Table 5: Share of American Indian Population Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>77.5%</td>
<td>85.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>32.6%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>19.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
<td>16.0%</td>
<td>21.7%</td>
<td>40.0%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>53.3%</td>
<td>61.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>32.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>47.8%</td>
<td>45.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>4.4%</td>
<td>47.1%</td>
<td>33.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>9.8%</td>
<td>40.9%</td>
<td>34.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>67.0%</td>
<td>76.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>75.8%</td>
<td>68.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>60.9%</td>
<td>65.6%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>10.2%</td>
<td>36.4%</td>
<td>26.5%</td>
<td>26.8%</td>
<td>26.5%</td>
<td>85.1%</td>
<td>70.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
<td>12.3%</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>86.4%</td>
<td>91.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>43.3%</td>
<td>27.2%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>18.8%</td>
<td>17.1%</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
<td>Oklahoma City 12.5%</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>33.7%</td>
<td>24.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>22.4%</td>
<td>22.6%</td>
<td>11.2%</td>
<td>37.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>25.5%</td>
<td>31.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>70.3%</td>
<td>52.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.

### Table 6: Share of Asian Population Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>77.0%</td>
<td>73.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>48.4%</td>
<td>54.4%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>1.6%</td>
<td>22.6%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>38.8%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>85.0%</td>
<td>70.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>11.9%</td>
<td>9.6%</td>
<td>26.5%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
<td>28.3%</td>
<td>31.8%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>29.3%</td>
<td>70.1%</td>
<td>38.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>17.7%</td>
<td>13.3%</td>
<td>12.7%</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>57.9%</td>
<td>81.5%</td>
<td>73.3%</td>
<td>51.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>37.8%</td>
<td>54.1%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>42.5%</td>
<td>24.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>13.2%</td>
<td>37.2%</td>
<td>30.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>68.0%</td>
<td>60.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>6.6%</td>
<td>72.4%</td>
<td>60.6%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>49.7%</td>
<td>40.3%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>41.7%</td>
<td>30.1%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
<td>31.6%</td>
<td>26.1%</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
<td>16.0%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>84.4%</td>
<td>81.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>25.1%</td>
<td>19.8%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>9.8%</td>
<td>21.7%</td>
<td>16.0%</td>
<td>21.7%</td>
<td>16.0%</td>
<td>21.7%</td>
<td>16.0%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>29.6%</td>
<td>19.1%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>40.6%</td>
<td>25.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>4.4%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>36.9%</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>58.0%</td>
<td>52.3%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.
### Table 7: Share of Black Population Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0% → 0.0%</td>
<td>83.6% → 81.6%</td>
<td>56.1% → 47.2%</td>
<td>18.9% → 14.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>11.6% → 15.8%</td>
<td>7.8% → 13.7%</td>
<td>4.2% → 1.6%</td>
<td>20.7% → 16.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>19.7% → 17.6%</td>
<td>32.5% → 34.9%</td>
<td>66.8% → 66.2%</td>
<td>60.3% → 71.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>21.7% → 17.7%</td>
<td>31.6% → 24.7%</td>
<td>8.4% → 1.5%</td>
<td>17.4% → 27.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Los Angeles</td>
<td>12.2% → 11.5%</td>
<td>27.8% → 28.4%</td>
<td>10.3% → 10.5%</td>
<td>10.5% → 9.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memphis</td>
<td>18.0% → 19.8%</td>
<td>21.5% → 17.8%</td>
<td>73.0% → 75.5%</td>
<td>36.6% → 39.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milwaukee</td>
<td>1.1% → 0.0%</td>
<td>24.4% → 26.4%</td>
<td>82.0% → 66.8%</td>
<td>43.4% → 48.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milwaukee</td>
<td>5.3% → 4.6%</td>
<td>52.4% → 55.6%</td>
<td>12.1% → 10.5%</td>
<td>28.9% → 28.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>6.7% → 3.6%</td>
<td>57.5% → 40.7%</td>
<td>59.3% → 60.5%</td>
<td>23.7% → 28.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>9.2% → 9.2%</td>
<td>56.2% → 56.0%</td>
<td>34.0% → 32.8%</td>
<td>31.6% → 25.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>6.3% → 3.6%</td>
<td>70.5% → 77.0%</td>
<td>46.4% → 42.1%</td>
<td>10.0% → 9.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>3.0% → 3.5%</td>
<td>70.9% → 75.4%</td>
<td>36.3% → 41.5%</td>
<td>10.7% → 9.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>4.2% → 6.4%</td>
<td>68.2% → 62.8%</td>
<td>11.8% → 11.3%</td>
<td>24.8% → 19.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>5.8% → 5.8%</td>
<td>53.4% → 47.2%</td>
<td>42.7% → 40.2%</td>
<td>14.5% → 14.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>24.4% → 17.5%</td>
<td>26.8% → 27.6%</td>
<td>9.8% → 9.2%</td>
<td>12.7% → 11.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.2% → 0.4%</td>
<td>83.8% → 86.1%</td>
<td>20.5% → 19.6%</td>
<td>13.0% → 10.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>6.7% → 6.9%</td>
<td>49.4% → 33.9%</td>
<td>31.6% → 32.3%</td>
<td>53.0% → 51.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>18.7% → 12.8%</td>
<td>42.4% → 43.8%</td>
<td>59.7% → 51.3%</td>
<td>Virginia Beach 15.5% → 16.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>4.9% → 4.4%</td>
<td>40.0% → 29.0%</td>
<td>45.3% → 47.6%</td>
<td>Washington D.C. 43.4% → 36.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>23.8% → 24.1%</td>
<td>33.4% → 33.6%</td>
<td>48.9% → 38.0%</td>
<td>12.9% → 14.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>12.4% → 11.0%</td>
<td>34.9% → 29.7%</td>
<td>30.0% → 37.0%</td>
<td>14.2% → 13.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>3.0% → 1.7%</td>
<td>80.2% → 74.2%</td>
<td>5.0% → 9.3%</td>
<td>40.8% → 39.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.

### Table 8: Share of Hispanic Population Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0% → 0.0%</td>
<td>80.6% → 74.3%</td>
<td>43.3% → 31.3%</td>
<td>Providence 19.3% → 16.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>16.2% → 13.8%</td>
<td>10.5% → 9.7%</td>
<td>51.8% → 52.8%</td>
<td>71.9% → 73.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>15.6% → 12.5%</td>
<td>10.3% → 14.7%</td>
<td>71.6% → 63.5%</td>
<td>36.1% → 28.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>18.1% → 14.4%</td>
<td>26.1% → 25.6%</td>
<td>63.5% → 1.7%</td>
<td>40.0% → 56.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>27.5% → 25.5%</td>
<td>24.5% → 29.2%</td>
<td>10.7% → 10.3%</td>
<td>12.5% → 11.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>0.5% → 5.4%</td>
<td>52.1% → 46.7%</td>
<td>45.3% → 42.4%</td>
<td>42.0% → 35.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>20.4% → 16.7%</td>
<td>42.3% → 13.5%</td>
<td>13.6% → 40.3%</td>
<td>13.0% → 10.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tulsa</td>
<td>18.8% → 14.2%</td>
<td>37.3% → 17.6%</td>
<td>77.5% → 72.0%</td>
<td>3.6% → 86.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>19.0% → 14.0%</td>
<td>42.3% → 46.7%</td>
<td>13.1% → 17.3%</td>
<td>23.8% → 20.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>1.5% → 1.8%</td>
<td>66.0% → 49.1%</td>
<td>70.4% → 74.6%</td>
<td>26.5% → 29.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>8.9% → 6.3%</td>
<td>46.0% → 50.9%</td>
<td>25.1% → 28.6%</td>
<td>22.6% → 19.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>7.9% → 7.9%</td>
<td>41.7% → 72.1%</td>
<td>56.1% → 51.6%</td>
<td>12.3% → 10.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>3.1% → 2.5%</td>
<td>74.2% → 82.5%</td>
<td>22.7% → 15.4%</td>
<td>6.8% → 8.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>4.9% → 1.7%</td>
<td>60.4% → 60.1%</td>
<td>17.2% → 16.4%</td>
<td>31.7% → 29.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>9.7% → 7.1%</td>
<td>43.0% → 45.7%</td>
<td>40.7% → 37.0%</td>
<td>29.1% → 27.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>0.6% → 0.0%</td>
<td>91.6% → 92.1%</td>
<td>8.2% → 5.9%</td>
<td>9.5% → 10.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Diego</td>
<td>8.5% → 6.1%</td>
<td>57.7% → 38.6%</td>
<td>43.6% → 46.7%</td>
<td>54.2% → 48.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>6.9% → 10.6%</td>
<td>34.6% → 12.2%</td>
<td>42.4% → 33.2%</td>
<td>Virginia Beach 16.1% → 13.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.3% → 4.8%</td>
<td>47.8% → 36.7%</td>
<td>42.7% → 47.1%</td>
<td>2.6% → 4.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>20.4% → 18.6%</td>
<td>41.6% → 41.1%</td>
<td>58.6% → 54.9%</td>
<td>27.8% → 28.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>1.1% → 0.6%</td>
<td>76.6% → 73.0%</td>
<td>10.5% → 12.1%</td>
<td>27.8% → 28.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.
### Table 9: Share of White Population Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>74.2%</td>
<td>71.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>32.7%</td>
<td>40.4%</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>13.6%</td>
<td>17.1%</td>
<td>19.3%</td>
<td>14.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>58.8%</td>
<td>45.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td>19.3%</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>40.0%</td>
<td>31.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td>25.7%</td>
<td>17.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>30.4%</td>
<td>22.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>65.7%</td>
<td>60.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>49.7%</td>
<td>40.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>30.9%</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>25.7%</td>
<td>15.6%</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>87.3%</td>
<td>90.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>16.8%</td>
<td>14.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>12.3%</td>
<td>28.3%</td>
<td>15.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
<td>21.3%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
<td>27.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>11.5%</td>
<td>18.7%</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>57.7%</td>
<td>46.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

**Data:** U.S. Census.

### Table 10: Share of Population with a Bachelor's Degree Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>64.7%</td>
<td>64.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>14.9%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>11.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>22.8%</td>
<td>35.7%</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>1.6%</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
<td>50.8%</td>
<td>40.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
<td>20.5%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>10.3%</td>
<td>15.2%</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>27.4%</td>
<td>24.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>18.2%</td>
<td>28.4%</td>
<td>22.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>53.4%</td>
<td>46.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td>10.3%</td>
<td>69.0%</td>
<td>60.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>36.5%</td>
<td>28.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
<td>28.1%</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>29.3%</td>
<td>13.2%</td>
<td>9.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>82.4%</td>
<td>75.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>6.6%</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>15.6%</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>13.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
<td>24.5%</td>
<td>13.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>24.5%</td>
<td>33.0%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>23.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
<td>20.4%</td>
<td>21.5%</td>
<td>14.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>47.1%</td>
<td>39.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only. Includes population completing education above a bachelor's degree.

**Data:** U.S. Census.
### Table 11: Share of Population without a Bachelor’s Degree Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>78.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
<td>12.7%</td>
<td>76.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>23.2%</td>
<td>21.2%</td>
<td>26.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
<td>14.5%</td>
<td>24.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>16.8%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>27.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>54.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
<td>19.3%</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
<td>9.6%</td>
<td>35.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>46.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>46.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>47.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td>70.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>60.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>43.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>18.7%</td>
<td>16.2%</td>
<td>22.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>85.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
<td>41.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
<td>38.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>21.4%</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>68.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.

### Table 12: Share of Families with Children Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>78.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>76.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>18.6%</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>27.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
<td>23.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>14.4%</td>
<td>15.4%</td>
<td>27.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>59.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>18.9%</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>10.1%</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>36.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>49.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>40.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
<td>47.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>69.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>56.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>44.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>23.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>85.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>35.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>10.8%</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>27.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>37.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>20.9%</td>
<td>20.2%</td>
<td>38.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>34.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>66.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.
### Table 13: Share of Families in Poverty with Children Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>80.1%</td>
<td>81.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>17.2%</td>
<td>11.2%</td>
<td>10.7%</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>20.1%</td>
<td>14.2%</td>
<td>29.9%</td>
<td>45.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>23.3%</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>28.3%</td>
<td>35.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>53.7%</td>
<td>65.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>21.2%</td>
<td>17.3%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>19.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>13.2%</td>
<td>15.1%</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
<td>18.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>7.9%</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>52.1%</td>
<td>56.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>58.6%</td>
<td>58.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>44.9%</td>
<td>56.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>69.7%</td>
<td>79.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>66.6%</td>
<td>78.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>10.7%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>46.1%</td>
<td>53.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>10.3%</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>36.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>80.9%</td>
<td>89.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td>61.4%</td>
<td>46.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>18.0%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>34.7%</td>
<td>32.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>42.3%</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>26.7%</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
<td>35.2%</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>38.1%</td>
<td>45.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>82.2%</td>
<td>79.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.

### Table 14: Share of Non-Poverty Families with Children Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>78.5%</td>
<td>74.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
<td>12.4%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>17.9%</td>
<td>25.2%</td>
<td>26.1%</td>
<td>14.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td>29.4%</td>
<td>25.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>61.2%</td>
<td>58.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
<td>14.5%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>13.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>47.6%</td>
<td>46.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>37.9%</td>
<td>23.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>48.5%</td>
<td>41.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>69.9%</td>
<td>65.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>80.4%</td>
<td>80.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>55.7%</td>
<td>44.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>44.3%</td>
<td>37.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
<td>17.1%</td>
<td>23.5%</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>87.8%</td>
<td>88.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td>30.1%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>8.7%</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
<td>24.9%</td>
<td>21.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>9.6%</td>
<td>36.5%</td>
<td>20.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>17.7%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>40.8%</td>
<td>35.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>10.1%</td>
<td>33.2%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>64.1%</td>
<td>52.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.
Table 15: Share of Single Mothers in Poverty Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>79.8%</td>
<td>80.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>18.7%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>10.7%</td>
<td>12.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
<td>14.6%</td>
<td>30.4%</td>
<td>45.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>28.1%</td>
<td>15.6%</td>
<td>26.7%</td>
<td>32.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>18.8%</td>
<td>13.1%</td>
<td>21.3%</td>
<td>28.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>54.1%</td>
<td>67.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>20.5%</td>
<td>15.9%</td>
<td>18.2%</td>
<td>20.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>11.0%</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>13.3%</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>53.0%</td>
<td>54.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
<td>58.1%</td>
<td>59.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>14.8%</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
<td>45.0%</td>
<td>55.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>69.4%</td>
<td>80.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>64.8%</td>
<td>76.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>48.2%</td>
<td>50.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>23.7%</td>
<td>35.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>80.2%</td>
<td>88.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>65.5%</td>
<td>48.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>20.1%</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
<td>42.5%</td>
<td>39.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>42.2%</td>
<td>37.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>27.1%</td>
<td>23.3%</td>
<td>34.0%</td>
<td>39.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>38.5%</td>
<td>43.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>83.1%</td>
<td>79.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.

Table 16: Share of Children Under 18 Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>78.7%</td>
<td>78.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>18.1%</td>
<td>18.4%</td>
<td>27.6%</td>
<td>29.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>13.3%</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
<td>23.7%</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>14.4%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
<td>27.3%</td>
<td>26.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>59.0%</td>
<td>63.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>19.2%</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
<td>15.6%</td>
<td>13.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>9.6%</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
<td>15.7%</td>
<td>13.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>49.7%</td>
<td>53.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>40.4%</td>
<td>32.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>48.7%</td>
<td>48.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>70.5%</td>
<td>72.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>74.6%</td>
<td>79.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>57.4%</td>
<td>53.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
<td>44.8%</td>
<td>43.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>15.2%</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
<td>24.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>84.9%</td>
<td>89.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>36.7%</td>
<td>27.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
<td>9.6%</td>
<td>30.4%</td>
<td>29.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>38.8%</td>
<td>26.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>21.4%</td>
<td>18.6%</td>
<td>39.0%</td>
<td>39.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td>34.4%</td>
<td>33.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>0.9%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>67.1%</td>
<td>60.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.
Table 18: Share of Young Adults (18-34) Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Economically Expanding</th>
<th>Economically Declining</th>
<th>Economically Expanding</th>
<th>Economically Declining</th>
<th>Economically Expanding</th>
<th>Economically Declining</th>
<th>Economically Expanding</th>
<th>Economically Declining</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0% → 0.0%</td>
<td>Jacksonville</td>
<td>2.6% → 3.1%</td>
<td>Providence</td>
<td>13.0% → 13.7%</td>
<td>San Francisco</td>
<td>15.5% → 13.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>12.9% → 13.4%</td>
<td>Kansas City</td>
<td>2.4% → 4.6%</td>
<td>Racine</td>
<td>1.0% → 1.4%</td>
<td>Raleigh</td>
<td>6.4% → 19.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>35.2% → 39.8%</td>
<td>Las Vegas</td>
<td>0.9% → 3.8%</td>
<td>Richmond</td>
<td>12.5% → 18.9%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>17.4% → 18.3%</td>
<td>Long Beach</td>
<td>40.3% → 39.5%</td>
<td>Riverside</td>
<td>16.5% → 16.9%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>36.8% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>20.4% → 26.7%</td>
<td>Los Angeles</td>
<td>25.7% → 26.9%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.6% → 10.2%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>36.8% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>3.3% → 6.8%</td>
<td>Louisville</td>
<td>3.2% → 3.4%</td>
<td>Memphis</td>
<td>1.4% → 2.1%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>36.8% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>15.0% → 17.8%</td>
<td>Memphis</td>
<td>1.4% → 2.1%</td>
<td>Saint Louis</td>
<td>15.5% → 19.3%</td>
<td>Saint Paul</td>
<td>2.1% → 39.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>6.0% → 5.1%</td>
<td>Mesa</td>
<td>0.7% → 1.0%</td>
<td>Saint Paul</td>
<td>2.1% → 39.8%</td>
<td>Saint Paul</td>
<td>2.1% → 39.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>6.3% → 6.1%</td>
<td>Miami</td>
<td>20.5% → 27.5%</td>
<td>Saint Petersburg</td>
<td>7.8% → 11.6%</td>
<td>Saint Paul</td>
<td>2.1% → 39.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>4.5% → 8.2%</td>
<td>Milwaukee</td>
<td>4.5% → 6.7%</td>
<td>Salt Lake City</td>
<td>12.5% → 13.9%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>10.6% → 13.9%</td>
<td>Minneapolis</td>
<td>8.0% → 9.3%</td>
<td>Salt Lake City</td>
<td>12.5% → 13.9%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>5.6% → 6.6%</td>
<td>Nashville</td>
<td>7.5% → 9.5%</td>
<td>Salt Lake City</td>
<td>12.5% → 13.9%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>3.2% → 5.5%</td>
<td>New Orleans</td>
<td>20.6% → 24.1%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>6.5% → 9.4%</td>
<td>New York City</td>
<td>21.8% → 25.3%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>9.0% → 11.0%</td>
<td>Newark</td>
<td>6.5% → 7.9%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>20.2% → 24.7%</td>
<td>Norfolk</td>
<td>14.9% → 15.6%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.2% → 0.3%</td>
<td>Oakland</td>
<td>16.8% → 20.5%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>9.4% → 10.5%</td>
<td>Oklahoma City</td>
<td>10.3% → 13.0%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>14.6% → 15.5%</td>
<td>Orlando</td>
<td>6.7% → 11.3%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>6.5% → 8.1%</td>
<td>Philadelphia</td>
<td>16.5% → 19.3%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>21.0% → 20.7%</td>
<td>Philadelphia</td>
<td>5.2% → 7.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>12.2% → 14.1%</td>
<td>Pittsburgh</td>
<td>7.7% → 9.5%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>1.5% → 1.8%</td>
<td>Portland</td>
<td>17.9% → 18.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>10.2% → 30.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.
### Table 19: Share of Seniors Over 65 Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Economically Expanding</th>
<th>Economically Declining</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0% → 0.0%</td>
<td>73.5% → 71.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>9.7% → 11.0%</td>
<td>8.8% → 8.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>19.9% → 19.2%</td>
<td>23.3% → 22.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>19.9% → 15.4%</td>
<td>18.4% → 15.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>16.0% → 14.5%</td>
<td>26.0% → 26.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>3.9% → 5.8%</td>
<td>49.3% → 47.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>15.8% → 18.0%</td>
<td>10.3% → 9.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>10.7% → 8.5%</td>
<td>16.7% → 17.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>5.6% → 6.7%</td>
<td>41.1% → 39.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>4.3% → 2.7%</td>
<td>38.6% → 30.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>6.6% → 6.7%</td>
<td>45.7% → 44.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>2.9% → 2.9%</td>
<td>70.9% → 67.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>3.3% → 2.8%</td>
<td>76.6% → 78.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>6.0% → 6.2%</td>
<td>57.1% → 48.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>5.5% → 5.9%</td>
<td>35.9% → 36.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>16.5% → 16.5%</td>
<td>17.9% → 17.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.3% → 0.4%</td>
<td>83.2% → 84.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>5.1% → 5.1%</td>
<td>36.2% → 22.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>7.2% → 9.8%</td>
<td>21.9% → 22.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>6.9% → 7.6%</td>
<td>36.6% → 29.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>21.0% → 24.3%</td>
<td>36.1% → 34.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>14.6% → 11.9%</td>
<td>25.3% → 24.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>1.1% → 0.6%</td>
<td>66.6% → 57.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.

### Table 20: Share of U.S.-Born Residents Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Economically Expanding</th>
<th>Economically Declining</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0% → 0.0%</td>
<td>77.2% → 75.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>10.1% → 11.3%</td>
<td>8.2% → 7.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>24.7% → 27.8%</td>
<td>21.8% → 20.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>15.8% → 16.8%</td>
<td>21.3% → 17.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>17.0% → 18.9%</td>
<td>25.8% → 25.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>3.5% → 6.2%</td>
<td>55.3% → 56.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>17.3% → 19.4%</td>
<td>12.6% → 10.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>7.7% → 7.9%</td>
<td>18.3% → 18.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>5.7% → 5.9%</td>
<td>45.0% → 43.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>4.3% → 5.0%</td>
<td>37.5% → 29.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>11.8% → 11.4%</td>
<td>44.2% → 40.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>4.9% → 4.7%</td>
<td>67.9% → 68.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>2.7% → 3.8%</td>
<td>74.4% → 75.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>4.9% → 7.0%</td>
<td>54.6% → 48.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>7.2% → 8.8%</td>
<td>40.6% → 36.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>18.3% → 21.6%</td>
<td>39.2% → 16.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.2% → 0.3%</td>
<td>84.4% → 85.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>7.3% → 8.0%</td>
<td>33.1% → 25.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>11.8% → 13.4%</td>
<td>23.8% → 22.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.5% → 8.6%</td>
<td>34.6% → 23.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>21.7% → 20.7%</td>
<td>38.2% → 35.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>12.5% → 13.9%</td>
<td>29.3% → 26.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>1.2% → 1.2%</td>
<td>64.2% → 56.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.
### Table 21: Share of Foreign-Born Residents Experiencing Neighborhood Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>74.2%</td>
<td>69.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>14.5%</td>
<td>13.8%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>32.1%</td>
<td>41.7%</td>
<td>12.3%</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
<td>31.2%</td>
<td>26.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>17.8%</td>
<td>23.8%</td>
<td>21.8%</td>
<td>19.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>60.9%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>13.6%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>39.8%</td>
<td>13.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
<td>42.6%</td>
<td>52.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
<td>38.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>6.6%</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>44.6%</td>
<td>44.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>67.1%</td>
<td>67.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>76.9%</td>
<td>69.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>4.4%</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
<td>56.2%</td>
<td>50.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>43.5%</td>
<td>44.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>16.9%</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>29.1%</td>
<td>31.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>87.9%</td>
<td>90.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>46.1%</td>
<td>30.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>10.1%</td>
<td>22.4%</td>
<td>19.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>46.5%</td>
<td>36.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>22.5%</td>
<td>35.5%</td>
<td>33.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td>39.2%</td>
<td>35.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>0.7%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>66.3%</td>
<td>66.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.

### Table 22: Share of Owner Units Located in Neighborhoods Experiencing Economic Expansion and Decline (by central city, 2000-2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>76.5%</td>
<td>73.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>9.8%</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
<td>29.7%</td>
<td>19.3%</td>
<td>12.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>13.6%</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td>18.2%</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>19.1%</td>
<td>29.0%</td>
<td>26.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>55.9%</td>
<td>51.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>17.5%</td>
<td>22.4%</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
<td>46.0%</td>
<td>40.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>30.8%</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
<td>44.3%</td>
<td>38.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>66.4%</td>
<td>60.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>82.1%</td>
<td>80.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>53.3%</td>
<td>43.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>37.2%</td>
<td>33.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>15.1%</td>
<td>19.9%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
<td>13.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>88.4%</td>
<td>87.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>21.5%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>21.5%</td>
<td>17.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td>33.7%</td>
<td>22.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
<td>24.5%</td>
<td>39.7%</td>
<td>37.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>15.1%</td>
<td>24.5%</td>
<td>20.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>0.7%</td>
<td>0.9%</td>
<td>60.3%</td>
<td>50.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.

Data: U.S. Census.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>73.7%</td>
<td>73.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>14.7%</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>27.3%</td>
<td>31.4%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
<td>19.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>19.8%</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
<td>26.0%</td>
<td>20.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>22.6%</td>
<td>24.7%</td>
<td>39.0%</td>
<td>21.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>53.3%</td>
<td>55.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>15.5%</td>
<td>17.5%</td>
<td>12.6%</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
<td>24.1%</td>
<td>22.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>40.6%</td>
<td>42.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>48.9%</td>
<td>36.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
<td>37.0%</td>
<td>36.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>65.5%</td>
<td>67.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>67.9%</td>
<td>69.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>9.8%</td>
<td>52.6%</td>
<td>47.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>41.2%</td>
<td>36.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>24.9%</td>
<td>26.7%</td>
<td>20.5%</td>
<td>19.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>74.5%</td>
<td>80.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>45.4%</td>
<td>34.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>17.1%</td>
<td>20.8%</td>
<td>21.2%</td>
<td>21.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
<td>28.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>31.9%</td>
<td>31.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
<td>13.2%</td>
<td>36.1%</td>
<td>32.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>69.2%</td>
<td>64.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Akron</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>74.3%</td>
<td>77.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>27.8%</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
<td>14.8%</td>
<td>21.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
<td>23.0%</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
<td>16.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>23.7%</td>
<td>20.3%</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
<td>25.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birmingham</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>52.7%</td>
<td>55.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>19.5%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>36.3%</td>
<td>32.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>48.2%</td>
<td>48.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlotte</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
<td>10.7%</td>
<td>35.8%</td>
<td>36.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>36.8%</td>
<td>44.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
<td>61.5%</td>
<td>69.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleveland</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>64.3%</td>
<td>71.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbus</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>50.9%</td>
<td>58.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
<td>37.4%</td>
<td>38.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>26.3%</td>
<td>29.6%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>74.2%</td>
<td>81.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>42.0%</td>
<td>39.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Lauderdale</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Worth</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>33.7%</td>
<td>37.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartford</td>
<td>31.1%</td>
<td>29.1%</td>
<td>32.1%</td>
<td>32.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
<td>28.7%</td>
<td>29.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indianapolis</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>70.5%</td>
<td>72.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data includes central cities only.
Data: U.S. Census.