Health
MINNEAPOLIS - SAINT PAUL REGION
Food Deserts: Low Income Census Tracts Where Residents are Distantly Located from Supermarkets and Grocery Stores in 2010

Low income census tracts include tracts with poverty rates 30 percent or greater or tracts that have a median family income less than or equal to 80 percent of the metropolitan area’s median family income. Low income tracts are included as being within proximity of a store when at least 500 people or 33 percent of a tract’s population are living more than one-half mile away (in urban areas) from the nearest supermarket, supercenter, or large grocery store.

Legend
- Supermarket more than one mile away* (66)
- Supermarket more than one-half mile away* (111)
- Supermarket less than one-half mile away* (483)
- Rural Areas (44)

Note: Rural area food deserts include census tracts that are more than one mile away from a supermarket. There were no rural food deserts in the Twin Cities seven county metro area.

Environmental hazards include contaminated sites, landfills, and toxic facilities—many of which result from former industrial uses—as well as air pollutants around highways. The spatial pattern of exposure to such hazards mostly reflects the region’s industrial landscape and the footprint of its transportation networks. The map shows the composite score of these hazards.

Legend
- Median z-score: 0.12
- -2.58 to -0.74 (86)
- -0.73 to -0.22 (106)
- -0.21 to 0.11 (162)
- 0.12 to 0.31 (101)
- 0.32 to 0.53 (109)
- 0.54 to 0.87 (142)
- No Data (0)

Data Sources: Metropolitan Council, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is a group of lung diseases that make it difficult to breathe. Other names for COPD include emphysema and chronic bronchitis. COPD is the fifth-leading cause of death in Minnesota. The symptoms of COPD - shortness of breath, wheezing, and coughing - worsen over time. COPD hospitalizations occur most often in older people.

Legend

- 6.8 to 20.1 (30)
- 20.2 to 27.1 (32)
- 27.2 to 36.5 (43)
- 36.7 to 43.2 (27)
- 43.3 to 58.5 (12)
- 58.6 to 71.0 (6)
- No Data (17)

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey; Minnesota Hospital Association.
Asthma is a chronic disease that makes breathing difficult due to broncho-constriction (tightening of the muscles around the airways) and inflammation (swelling) of the bronchial tubes. It is one of the most common chronic diseases in the United States. Asthma episodes can be triggered by many factors including smoke, dust, mold, air pollution, chemical irritants, exercise and others.

Legend

- 2.3 to 4.5 (43)
- 4.6 to 7.0 (45)
- 7.1 to 9.1 (17)
- 9.2 to 12.5 (13)
- 12.6 to 20.2 (15)
- 20.3 to 40.4 (8)
- No Data (26)

Data Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, Minnesota Hospital Association.
CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS
Percentage with Less than Adequate Prenatal Care
by City Neighborhood, 2009-2011

Legend
City Value: 23.8%
- 0.0 to 10.2% (12)
- 11.7 to 15.9% (15)
- 17.3 to 23.3% (18)
- 23.8 to 27.5% (15)
- 28.4 to 34.0% (14)
- 34.7 to 47.9% (9)
- No data (4)

Note: Neighborhoods with “No data” did not have sufficient data available.

The prenatal care utilization index was created using the recommended Prenatal Care Visit Schedule by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. Factors used were gestational age, gestation prenatal care, and the number of prenatal care visits obtained from the actual visits. This index provides a standardized method for assessing the quality and amount of prenatal care.

Data Source: Minneapolis Department of Health and Family Support.
CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS
Percentage of Mothers that Did Not Receive Care in First Trimester by City Neighborhood, 2009-2011

Legend
City Value: 18.3%
0.0 to 7.5% (12)
7.7 to 10.2% (17)
11.4 to 18.1% (18)
18.5 to 21.7% (12)
22.2 to 24.3% (14)
26.3 to 36.5% (11)
No data (3)

Note: Neighborhoods with "No data" did not have sufficient data available.

Data Source: Minneapolis Department of Health and Family Support.
Serious Crime in Twin Cities Metropolitan Area
MINNEAPOLIS - SAINT PAUL REGION
Serious Crimes* Per 100,000 Persons by City Neighborhood, Municipality and County
Sherriff Jurisdiction, 2010

Legend

154 to 1,621 (32)
1,667 to 2,287 (32)
2,333 to 3,393 (36)
3,400 to 6,655 (44)
4,764 to 6,197 (32)
6,380 or more (25)
No Data** (4)

*Serious Crimes include murder, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny and motor vehicle theft, arson but not rape, which was not reported uniformly by MN police agencies.
**No data includes city neighborhoods with less than 700 people.

Note: Crime data was unreported in 2019 for Brooklyn Park, Burnsville, Columbia Heights, Inver Grove Heights, Jordan, Ramsey (6th), South Saint Paul and West Saint Paul. Map values for those places are from 2005 data.

Municipalities contracting with a sheriffs department have values reported for the total sheriffs jurisdiction in the county. These municipalities are represented with grey outlined borders and labels on the map.

Data Sources:
2019 Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reports, Minneapolis Police Department, Saint Paul Police Department and U.S. Census Bureau.
Serious Crimes Per 100,000 Persons by Twin Cities Locations, 1990-2010

Serious Crimes includes murder, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny and motor vehicle theft.

- Minneapolis
- Saint Paul
- Inner Suburban Municipal
- Middle Suburban Municipal
- Outer Suburban Municipal
- Outer Suburban Sheriff's
- Collar

*Outer Suburban Sheriff's Departments include areas covered by the Carver, Scott and Washington Sheriff's Departments. There were no data reported for areas covered by the Anoka, Dakota, Hennepin and Ramsey County Sheriff's Departments.

Outer suburban areas with missing data accounted for about 30% of the total outer suburban population.
Residence of Felons
Residence of Felons convicted in Hennepin, Ramsey, Dakota, Anoka, Washington and Sherburne County Courts, 2005

Legend (counts by zip code):
- 1 to 4 (303)
- 5 to 14 (63)
- 15 to 49 (56)
- 50 to 79 (20)
- 80 to 129 (10)
- 130 or more (10)

Data Source: MN State Court Administrator’s Office.
Felons per 10,000 Residents convicted in Hennepin, Ramsey, Dakota, Anoka, Washington or Sherburne County Courts, 2005 (using 2000 U.S. Census population figures)

Legend
Regional Value: 22.1
- 0.0 to 6.6 (71)
- 7.0 to 16.5 (55)
- 17.1 to 22.0 (27)
- 22.1 to 30.2 (27)
- 32.9 to 45.8 (14)
- 51.4 or more (17)

Data Source: MN State Court Administrator’s Office.